



COMPILING A DOMAIN SPECIFIC CORPORA WITH THE SKETCH ENGINE

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- Animal Reproduction, Animal Genetics and Breeding, Animal Physiology, Animal Feeding, Animal Product Processing, Animal Health, Livestock Farming Management

□ Department of Human and Animal-Plant Relationships

- Plant Conservation, People-Plant Relationships, Wild Animals, Companion Animals, Plant Assisted Therapy, Animal Facilitated Therapy

1. The Purpose of the Study

- To introduce **domain-specific corpora** using the *Sketch Engine*
- Describing and comparing ‘*Agriculture Corpus (ver.1)*’ (Miura, 2015) and ‘*Agriculture Corpus 2016 (ver.2)*’, in terms of size, keyness, and lexical behaviours of the genre-specific vocabulary
- ✓ The importance of selecting “**seed-words**” to compile corpora
- ✓ Referring to a balanced-corpus, **the British National Corpus**, and a mega-corpus, **SEKAI Corpus** (will be officially released by Shogakkan on 28 August 2016) .

2. The Sketch Engine



□ **A commercial interface that contains a built-in corpus query system – Lexical Computing Ltd.**

(Kilgarriff, Baisa, Bušta, Jakubíček, Kovář, Michelfeit, Rychlý, & Suchomel, 2014)

■ **Ready-made corpora available**

e.g.) enTenTen, ukWaC, jpWaC, the British National Corpus (BNC)

■ **Allowing users to create original corpora with a simple and effortless procedure - *WebBootCat***

2.1 The Process of Compiling a Domain Specific Corpus With WebBootCat



Agriculture: WebBootCaT

Name of the collection

Unique identifier of the data collection. May only contain letters, numbers, underscores.

Input type

- ☒ Seed words
☐ URLs

Select "URLs" to download data from specified URLs rather than use seed words for finding the URLs.

Seed words

Random tuples will be selected from the seed words to query a search engine. Input 3 to 20 words or multiword expressions. Use space as separator. Enclose multiword expressions into quotes (").

Compile corpus when finished

☒

Automatically compile corpus when WebBootCaT processing is finished.

[Show advanced options](#)

Cancel

Next >

2.2 Seed Words for Crawling the URLs

- *Agriculture (Ver.1) - Trial Version*
 - Miscellaneous
- *Agriculture 2016 (Ver.2) -*
 - Focusing on key words given from students and academics at the Department of Agriculture (excluding the Departments of Animal Science and Human and Animal-Plant Relationships)

2.2.1 Seed Words for *Agriculture (Ver.1)*

136 PHRASES CONTAINING 248 DISTINCT WORDS

Entrance Exam Papers
for Undergraduate Programmes

- **72 phrases containing 80 words**
- species / plant / animal / organism / habitat / breed / variation / physical diversity / biologist / interbreed /

**Materials Introduced to
“Science English”**
for Graduate Applicants

- **54 phrases containing 67 words**
- cloning / ethical / molecular / feasible / cell / foetus / trunk / bud culture / genetically identical etc.

**Specific Fields of Academic
Staff at Dept. of Agriculture**
in the University Prospectus

- **10 phrases 101 words**
- biomass crop production / green manure crops / soil physical condition improvement / compost utilization etc.

2.2.2 Seed Words for *Agriculture 2016 (Ver.2)*

131 PHRASES CONTAINING 216 DISTINCT WORDS

Research Laboratories	Examples of Seed Words
Crop Science	compositing regulation / global climate change, etc.
Genetics and Plant Breeding	chromosome / transposon / genome transformation / tissue culture, etc.
Plant Pathology	phytopathology / plant diseases / biocontrol / plant virus, etc.
Entomology	insect taxonomy / morphology, genus / tribe / cell culture, etc.
Pomology	pomology / permanent crop / fruit production / rootstock, etc.
Vegetables	growth control / development control / environment control, etc.
Floriculture	regulation of growth / flowering / chemical regulation, etc.
Horticulture Biotechnology	horticulture / biotechnology / micropropagation / photomorphogenesis, etc.
Postharvest Physiology Technology	postharvest / fresh food / quality / antioxidant / storage / marketing, etc.

3. RESULTS

3.1 The Statistical Information of Corpora

	<i>Agriculture Corpus (ver.1)</i>	<i>Agriculture Corpus 2016 (ver.2)</i>	BNC	SEKAI Corpus (incl. BNC)
Documents (Retrieved URLs)	151	596	4,054	574,621
Tokens	641,315	8,424,353	112,181,015	N/A
Words	513,888	6,583,432	96,048,950	2,191,836,612
Sentences	27,785	404,117	6,052,184	N/A
Paragraphs	7,798	82,698	1,514,906	N/A

3.2.1 Key Word Analysis: *Agriculture (ver.1)* vs. BNC

lemma	<i>Agriculture</i>		<i>British National Corpus (BNC)</i>		Score
	Freq	Freq/mill ⓘ	Freq	Freq/mill	
color	<u>512</u>	798.4	<u>87</u>	0.8	450.4
There	<u>251</u>	391.4	<u>3</u>	0.0	382.2
tumor	<u>279</u>	435.0	<u>22</u>	0.2	364.6
kinase	<u>766</u>	1194.4	<u>272</u>	2.4	349.3
Pythium	<u>162</u>	252.6	<u>2</u>	0.0	249.2
apoptosis	<u>223</u>	347.7	<u>65</u>	0.6	220.9
thaliana	<u>134</u>	208.9	<u>2</u>	0.0	206.3
Phytophthora	<u>133</u>	207.4	<u>2</u>	0.0	204.7
anthracnose	<u>125</u>	194.9	0	0.0	195.9
ANIMALS	<u>124</u>	193.4	<u>4</u>	0.0	187.7
borer	<u>125</u>	194.9	<u>5</u>	0.0	187.6

3.2.2 Key Word Analysis: *Agriculture 2016 (ver.2)* vs. BNC

	<i>Agriculture 2016</i>		<i>British National Corpus (BNC)</i>		
lemma	Freq	Freq/mill ?	Freq	Freq/mill	Score
PMID	<u>4,874</u>	578.6	0	0.0	579.6
mL	<u>5,927</u>	703.6	<u>55</u>	0.5	472.9
auxin	<u>2,774</u>	329.3	<u>7</u>	0.1	310.9
lactic	<u>3,039</u>	360.7	<u>38</u>	0.3	270.3
Publ	<u>2,003</u>	237.8	0	0.0	238.8
fibrin	<u>2,291</u>	271.9	<u>32</u>	0.3	212.4
cultivar	<u>2,309</u>	274.1	<u>40</u>	0.4	202.8
Sci	<u>1,701</u>	201.9	<u>2</u>	0.0	199.4
ethylene	<u>2,251</u>	267.2	<u>90</u>	0.8	148.9
postharvest	<u>1,224</u>	145.3	0	0.0	146.3
Plant	<u>4,965</u>	589.4	<u>360</u>	3.2	140.4

3.3 Collocations: Frequent 4-Grams

Agriculture (ver.1)

<u>word (n-grams)</u>	<u>Freq</u>
Which of the following	<u>148</u>
F F F F	<u>127</u>
which of the following	<u>89</u>
of the following is	<u>76</u>
for Major Pests and	<u>45</u>
Pests and Pest Groups	<u>45</u>
Pesticides Approved Timing of	<u>45</u>
Measures for Major Pests	<u>45</u>
Major Pests and Pest	<u>45</u>
Control Measures for Major	<u>45</u>
Approved Timing of Treatment	<u>45</u>
Pest Pesticides Approved Timing	<u>44</u>
in the form of	<u>42</u>
the passage to review	<u>40</u>
passage to review the	<u>40</u>
Success Read the passage	<u>40</u>
Read the passage to	<u>40</u>
to review the vocabulary	<u>39</u>

Agriculture 2016 (ver.2)

<u>word (n-grams)</u>	<u>Freq</u>
PROCEDURES AND EXPERIMENTS HANDBOOK	<u>953</u>
BIOTECHNOLOGY PROCEDURES AND EXPERIMENTS	<u>953</u>
Curricula and Syllabi ofUAS	<u>531</u>
in the presence of	<u>422</u>
a final volume of	<u>396</u>
as well as the	<u>374</u>
to a final volume	<u>366</u>
the end of the	<u>359</u>
is one of the	<u>340</u>
as a result of	<u>323</u>
On the other hand	<u>320</u>
Management Plan for DASP	<u>310</u>
in the case of	<u>309</u>
on the basis of	<u>303</u>
UPDASP Env Assess Dec	<u>298</u>
IN RELATION TO AGRICULTURE	<u>296</u>
GENETICS IN RELATION TO	<u>293</u>
a wide range of	<u>283</u>

3.3.1 Collocations: Frequent 4-Grams in *Agriculture (ver.1)*

<u>word (n-grams)</u>	<u>Freq</u>
Which of the following	<u>148</u>
F F F F	<u>127</u>
which of the following	<u>89</u>
of the following is	<u>76</u>
for Major Pests and	<u>45</u>
Pests and Pest Groups	<u>45</u>
Pesticides Approved Timing of	<u>45</u>
Measures for Major Pests	<u>45</u>
Major Pests and Pest	<u>45</u>
Control Measures for Major	<u>45</u>
Approved Timing of Treatment	<u>45</u>
Pest Pesticides Approved Timing	<u>44</u>

Query **for, Major, Pests, and** 45 (70.17 per million) ⓘ

Page of 3 [Next](#) | [Last](#)

[file2356064](#) Shrubs, Annuals, and Perennials 4-35 Table 4.5 - Control Measures **for Major Pests and** Pest Groups Pest Pesticides Approved Timing of Treatment Remarks

[file2356064](#) Shrubs, Annuals, and Perennials Table 4.5 - Control Measures **for Major Pests and** Pest Groups (cont.) Pest Pesticides Approved Timing of Treatment

[file2356064](#) Shrubs, Annuals, and Perennials 4-37 Table 4.5 - Control Measures **for Major Pests and** Pest Groups (cont.) Pest Pesticides Approved Timing of Treatment

[file2356064](#) Shrubs, Annuals, and Perennials Table 4.5 - Control Measures **for Major Pests and** Pest Groups (cont.) Pest Pesticides Approved Timing of Treatment

[file2356064](#) Shrubs, Annuals, and Perennials 4-39 Table 4.5 - Control Measures **for Major Pests and** Pest Groups (cont.) Pest Pesticides Approved Timing of Treatment

4. Analysis (1): Searching Agricultural Vocabulary in the Corpora

4.1 Selecting Vocabulary from Students' Essays (Written in 2015)

Department	Year (No. of students)	Couse	Topic	No. of Words	No. of Selected Words
Agriculture	1 st Year Students (41)	Reading Course	My Family's Garden	150 – 200 words	27 Words
Agriculture	2 nd Year Students (31)	Writing Course	My Own Major Subject	70 – 100 words	55 Words

4.1.1 An Example Essay of 1st Year Student (152 words)

My family experienced growing plants when I was 13 years old. We *planed* green soy beans and avocado. I was *concered* about growing plants because my garden didn't get a lot of sunshine. The most difficult things about caring for the plant were pulling out all of the **weeds** and **thining out**. These were a lot of trouble to do. In the end, both of green soy beans and avocado didn't die. But green soy *beans's* color was black so we couldn't eat them. Avocado didn't bear fruit. Now, soy beans died but Avocado grows. I wish that avocado bears fruit someday.

The next time we plant a garden, I want to grow flowers. I am member of the department of agriculture. I want to make use of knowledge I *leared* in class. I am interested in Bonsai. At first I will pull up the weeds in my garden to plant flower.

4.1.2 An Example Essay of 2nd Year Student (115 words)

I am majoring in Agriculture. In agriculture, we study the science and practice of farming. Related areas are food and environmental. I'm taking agricultural production science. I also have **plant pathology** and **crop production** studies. Also I'm going to get training in **genetics and breeding**, which is required for my future job. I hope to be a scientist someday. A scientist is an expert in the area of making new *tipe* flowers, improvement of flower's **pigment**. In order to become a scientist, it is necessary to study hard. Especially to study English, to go a graduate school and to get a lot of knowledge of **genetics and breeding** is needed. I should stick it out.

4.2.1 The Frequencies of Some Words Selected from the Students' Essays in Four Corpora

	Agriculture (ver.1)		BNC		SEKAI Corpus	
	Raw Freq.	Freq. Per Million	Raw Freq.	Freq. Per Million	Raw Freq.	Freq. Per Million
aphid	194	302.5	158	1.41	316	0.23
pollination	76	118.51	78	0.7	466	0.28
horticulture	43	67.05	129	1.15	1155	0.53
hydroponics	17	26.51	9	0.08	86	0.04
entomology	7	10.92	23	0.21	410	0.19
plow	2	3.12	15	0.13	1366	0.57

4.2.2 The Frequencies of Some Words Selected from the Students' Essays in Four Corpora

	Agriculture (ver.1)		Agriculture 2016 (ver.2)		BNC		SEKAI Corpus	
	Raw Freq.	Freq. Per Million	Raw Freq.	Freq. Per Million	Raw Freq.	Freq. Per Million	Raw Freq.	Freq. Per Million
aphid	194	302.5	323	38.34	158	1.41	316	0.23
pollination	76	118.51	561	66.59	78	0.7	466	0.28
horticulture	43	67.05	2564	304.36	129	1.15	1155	0.53
hydroponics	17	26.51	262	31.1	9	0.08	86	0.04
entomology	7	10.92	299	35.49	23	0.21	410	0.19
plow	2	3.12	52	6.17	15	0.13	1366	0.57

4.3.1 The Frequencies of Some Seed-Words for Agriculture (ver.1) in Four Corpora

	Agriculture (ver.1)		BNC		SEKAI Corpus	
	Raw Freq.	Freq. Per Million	Raw Freq.	Freq. Per Million	Raw Freq.	Freq. Per Million
postharvest	154	240.13	0	0	195	0.2
insecticide	144	224.54	181	1.61	1138	0.87
horticultural	59	92	308	2.75	1644	0.86
plant disease	19	29.63	10	0.09	116	0.06
plant pathology	10	15.59	3	0.03	145	0.06
plant nutrition	4	6.24	1	0.01	48	0.03

4.3.2 The Frequencies of Some Seed-Words for Agriculture (ver.1) in Four Corpora

	<i>Agriculture (ver.1)</i>		<i>Agriculture 2016 (ver.2)</i>		BNC		SEKAI Corpus	
	Raw Freq.	Freq. Per Million	Raw Freq.	Freq. Per Million	Raw Freq.	Freq. Per Million	Raw Freq.	Freq. Per Million
postharvest	154	240.13	2405	285.48	0	0	195	0.2
insecticide	144	224.54	412	48.91	181	1.61	1138	0.87
horticultural	59	92	2144	254.5	308	2.75	1644	0.86
plant disease	19	29.63	421	49.94	10	0.09	116	0.06
plant pathology	10	15.59	318	37.75	3	0.03	145	0.06
plant nutrition	4	6.24	73	8.67	1	0.01	48	0.03

5. Analysis (2): Collocates of ‘culture’ (incl. noun and verb)

5.1 Examples of Concordance Lines of ‘Culture’ from *Agriculture (ver. 1)*

Plant (栽培)

The Introduction provides background information about tomato botany and **culture**, seed production and quality assurance, and container production of transplants.

Cell (培養)

The main tool used to diagnose infectious diseases is microbiological **culture**.

Animal (養殖)

There are a variety of techniques for growing mussels. Bouchot **culture**: Intertidal growth technique, or bouchot technique: pilings, known in French as bouchots, are planted at sea; ropes, on which the mussels grow, are tied in a spiral on the pilings; some mesh netting prevents the mussels from falling away.

5.2.1 Frequent Collocates Preceding “Culture” in Corpora (X + “CULTURE”)

Agriculture (ver.1)			BNC			SEKAI Corpus (raw freq. based)		
Left	Freq.	logD.	Left	Freq.	logD.	Left	Freq.	%
hydroponic	9	10.72	popular	169	8.13	political	113	3.84
container	3	9.37	youth	85	7.62	popular	79	2.69
cell	5	7.25	tissue	62	7.37	corporate	45	1.53
N/A			western	83	7.37	american	35	1.19
N/A			dominant	60	7.21	cell	33	1.12
N/A			political	159	7.08	organizational	24	0.82

5.2.2 Frequent Collocates Preceding “Culture” in Corpora (X + “CULTURE”)

Agriculture (ver.1)			Agriculture 2016 (ver.2)			BNC			SEKAI Corpus (raw freq. based)		
Left	Freq.	logD.	Left	Freq.	logD.	Left	Freq.	logD.	Left	Freq.	%
hydroponic	9	10.72	tissue	1566	31.0	popular	169	8.13	political	113	3.84
container	3	9.37	cell	559	18.43	youth	85	7.62	popular	79	2.69
cell	5	7.25	suspension	175	9.16	tissue	62	7.37	corporate	45	1.53
N/A			vitro	155	8.80	western	83	7.37	american	35	1.19
N/A			broth	100	8.37	dominant	60	7.21	cell	33	1.12
N/A			pure	98	8.329	political	159	7.08	organizational	24	0.82

5.3.1 Frequent Collocates Following “Culture” in Corpora (“CULTURE” + X)

Agriculture (ver.1)			BNC			SEKAI Corpus (raw freq. based)		
Right	Freq.	logD.	Right	Freq.	logD.	Right	Freq.	%
systems	8	9.67	medium	37	6.484	medium	46	1.53
conditions	3	8.02	shock	39	6.476	condition	13	0.43
system	3	7.42	supernatants	12	5.251	supernatant	13	0.43
N/A			Club	18	5.22	war	12	0.4
N/A			*	14	5.03	collection	10	0.33
N/A			dish	11	4.93	dish	10	0.33

5.3.2 Frequent Collocates Following “Culture” in Corpora (“CULTURE” + X)

Agriculture (ver.1)			Agriculture 2016 (ver.2)			BNC			SEKAI Corpus (raw freq. based)		
Right	Freq.	logD.	Right	Freq.	logD.	Right	Freq.	logD.	Right	Freq.	%
systems	8	9.67	medium	222	9.219	medium	37	6.484	medium	46	1.53
conditions	3	8.02	system	295	9.318	shock	39	6.476	condition	13	0.43
system	3	7.42	T	155	8.795	supernatants	12	5.251	supernatant	13	0.43
N/A			media	153	8.745	Club	18	5.22	war	12	0.4
N/A			systems	131	8.343	*	14	5.03	collection	10	0.33
N/A			conditions	106	7.98	dish	11	4.93	dish	10	0.33

5.4.1 Extracts Including Frequent Collocates Following ‘Culture’ from *Agriculture 2016 (ver.2)*

tissue culture

(Seed word for GENETICS and PLANT
BREEDING)

LA included in plant **tissue culture** media significantly lowered tissue browning and improved transformation efficiency of wheat, soybean and cotton (Dan et al., 2009).

cell culture

(Seed word for ENTOMOLOGY)

The expression of recombinant proteins in larvae has the advantage of its low cost in comparison with insect **cell cultures**.

5.4.2 Extracts Including Frequent Collocates

Preceding 'Culture' from *Agriculture 2016 (ver.2)*

culture medium

Single cell cultures, plant cell without cell wall (Protoplast), tissues of leaves, or roots can be used to generate plants on **culture media** given the required nutrients and Growth regulators.

(Seed word for POMOLOGY)

culture system

A novel **culture system** suitable for practical application in micropropagation has been developed.

(Seed word for HORTICULTURE BIOTECHNOLOGY)

6. SUMMARY

- ❖ Domain-specific corpora compiled by the Sketch Engine should be useful for **EST practitioners who lack knowledge in the target field.**
- ❖ Various analyses (keyness, collocations, specific vocabulary search) on the originally made domain-specific corpora were **more informative than the BNC and SEKAI Corpus**, in terms of retrieving target vocabulary in agricultural contexts.
- ❖ **Careful selection of seed words** is prerequisite for compiling more informative and balanced domain-specific corpora.

References

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